

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	Foaming Instant Hand Sanitizer	
Other means of identification		
Product code	HIL00410	
Recommended use	Instant Hand Sanitizer	
Recommended restrictions	None known.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier	/Distributor information	
Manufacturer		
Manufacturer		
Company name	HILLYARD INDUSTRIES	
Address	302 North Fourth St.	
	St. Joseph, MO 64501	
Contact person	Regulatory Affairs	
Telephone number	(816) 233-1321 (Ext. 8285)	
Fax	(816) 383-8485	
E-mail	regulatoryaffairs@hillyard.com	
Emergency telephone #	(800) 424-9300	
	(Only in the event of chemical emergency involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure,	
	or accident involving chemicals.)	

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2
Health hazards	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
Environmental hazards	Not classified.	
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
Response	If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Buyer assumes all risk and liability associated with disposal of this product (original concentration or dilution) in violation of applicable law in compliance with applicable federal, state and local requirements.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
Supplemental information	None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Ethanol		64-17-5	60 - < 70
Glycerine USP 99.7%		56-81-5	1 - < 3
Other components below reportable lev	/els		30 - < 40

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures	
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
Skin contact	If skin irritation or rash occurs, discontinue use.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Headache. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Irritation of nose and throat. Coughing.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
6. Accidental release meas	sures

Accidental release measures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all Personal precautions. ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled emergency procedures material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water.
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
Environmental precautions	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
	For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).
8. Exposure controls/pers	onal protection
Occupational exposure limits	

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	PEL	1900 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Glycerine USP 99.7% (CAS 56-81-5)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
,		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limi	t Values		
Components	Туре	Value	
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide	to Chemical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
logical limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ing	redient(s).	
propriate engineering Itrols	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.		

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	Avoid contact with eyes.	
Skin protection		
Hand protection	Not applicable.	
Other	Not applicable.	
Respiratory protection	Not applicable.	
Thermal hazards	Not applicable.	
General hygiene considerations	When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink.	

9. Physical and chemical properties

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Appearance	Clear, slightly yellow liquid
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Colourless to light yellow.
Odor	Pleasant odor
Odor threshold	Not available
рН	6 - 7
Melting point/freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	178 °F (81.11 °C)
Flash point	72.0 °F (22.2 °C) Tag Closed Cup
Evaporation rate	< 1 Ethyl ether = 1
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	30.84 mm Hg
Vapor density	1.32 AIR=1
Relative density	0.886 at 77°F
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	complete
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available
Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity	Not available
Other information	
Density	7.38 lb/gal
Explosive limit	Not available
Percent volatile	96 - 98 %
VOC (Weight %)	Not available

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.	
Skin contact	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.	
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Headache. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Irritation of nose and throat. Coughing. Skin irritation.	

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product	Species	Test Results
Foaming Instant Hand Sanitizer		
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	62.8566 mg/l, 4 Hours estimated
	Rat	32234.1484 ppm, 10 Hours estimated
Oral		
LD50	Guinea pig	9.0256 g/kg estimated
	Mouse	5559.7773 mg/kg estimated
	Rabbit	5357.1431 g/kg estimated
	Rat	9.9735 g/kg estimated
Components	Species	Test Results
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	39 mg/l, 4 Hours
	Rat	20000 ppm, 10 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Guinea pig	5.6 g/kg
	Mouse	3450 mg/kg
	Rat	6.2 g/kg
* Estimates for product may b	be based on additional component data n	ot shown.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitizatio	n	
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause a	skin sensitization.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity	This product is not considered to be a	carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.
US. OSHA Specifically Reg Not listed.	ulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-	1050)
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause i	eproductive or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.	

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Product		Species	Test Results
Foaming Instant Hand	Sanitizer		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	10785.582 mg/l, 48 hours estimated
Fish	LC50	Fish	16007.5732 mg/l, 96 hours estimated
Components		Species	Test Results
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	7.7 - 11.2 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	> 100 mg/l, 96 hours
Glycerine USP 99.7%	(CAS 56-81-5)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	51000 - 57000 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octa	nol / water (log Kow)
Ethanol	-0.31
Glycerine USP 99.7%	-1.76
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not incinerate sealed containers. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT	
UN number	UN1170
UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es)	ETHANOL SOLUTIONS
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3

Packing group	II
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	24, IB2, T4, TP1
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	202
Packaging bulk	242
ERG number	127

DOT



General information

PACKAGES 1 LITER AND SMALLER ARE SHIPPED LIMITED QUANTITY OR ORM-D This material is regulated under IATA and IMDG regulations. Contact manufacturer for shipping instructions.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List or Exempt.

This product is regulated by the FDA as an Over the Counter Drug Product. It is labeled in accordance with FDA regulations.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No
	Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated.

Other federal regulations Safe Drinking Water Act

(SDWA)

Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100) Not listed.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)

Glycerine USP 99.7% (CAS 56-81-5)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) Glycerine USP 99.7% (CAS 56-81-5)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) Glycerine USP 99.7% (CAS 56-81-5)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Not regulated.

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

On inventory (yes/no)*

No

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Inventory name

Issue date	04-10-2015
Version #	01
HMIS® ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0
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